Study & Evaluation Scheme

of

M.Sc. Nursing (Obstetrics and Gynecological Nursing)

[Applicable w.e.f. Academic Session 2020-21]



TEERTHANKER MAHAVEER UNIVERSITY

N.H.-24, Delhi Road, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh-244001 Website:

www.tmu.ac.in



TEERTHANKER MAHAVEER UNIVERSITY (Established under Govt. of U. P. Act No. 30, 2008) NH-24,Delhi Road, Moradabad (U.P)

Study & Evaluation Scheme								
	<u>SUMMARY</u>							
Institute Name	TEERTHANKER MAHAVEER College Of Nursing, TMU, Moradabad.							
Programme	M.Sc. Nursing in obstetrics and gynecological Nursing							
Duration	Two year (Annual System)							
Medium	English							
Minimum Required	Theory 80%, Practical 100% (for getting Degree) 80% (For Appearing							
Attendance	Examination)							
	Credits							
Maximum Credits	90							
Minimum Credit								
required for the	90							
degree								

						Assessn	nent:							
Evaluation				Internal				External			Total			
		Theo	ry			25			7	75		100		
	Ev	aluati	on of											
Pra	ctica	l/Disse	ertation	ıs &		50			5	50		10	00	
	Pro	ject R	eports											
				T	heory Inte	rnal Ev	aluati	on (Criteria	a				
Class	C	lass	Clas	S	Sports	s, Semin	ar,							
Test 1	T	est 2	Test	3	worksho	workshop, discipline,				Assignment At		tendance		Γotal
Bes	t Two	out o	f Three		Class Tuto	ass Tutorial & Activity								
5		5	5			5			5			5		25
				Pra	actical Int	ernal E	valuat	tion	Criteri	ia				
NCP	CS	CP	НТ	DB	CRB	CD	CT-	I	CT-II	CT-II	Ι	Attendanc	۰۵	Total
IVCI	Cb	CI	111	טט	CRD	CD	Bes	t Tv	vo out c	of Three	Э	Attendanc		1 Otai
5	5	5	5	5	5	3	6		6	6		5		50
NCP-	Nur	_			_		•		_			tation, HT-	- H	ealth
		Talk,	DB-Drı	ıg Bo	ok, CRB-	Clinical	Recor	d B	ook, CI	D- Clin	ical	Dairy.		
Dur	ation	of			External	ternal			Internal					
Exan	ninat	ion			3 Hours.	Hours.				2 Hours.				

To qualify the course a student is required to secure a minimum of 50% marks separately i.e. both internal and in year-end examination. A candidate who secures less than of 50% of marks in a course shall be deemed to have failed in that course.

A candidate failing in any number of subjects will be promoted to next higher class. The candidate shall clear all the subjects of previous years before appearing in the final year examination. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical, he/ she have to reappear in both.

	Question Paper Structure
1	The question paper shall have two sections and examiner shall set questions specific to respective section. Section wise details shall be as mentioned under;
2	Section I: It shall consist of short answer type questions (answer should not exceed 100 words). This section will essentially assess COs related to remembering and understanding. This section will contain four questions and student must attempt any three questions, each question shall have equal weightage of three marks and total weightage of this section shall be 15 Marks.
3	Section II: It shall consist of long answer type questions. This section will also contain five questions and every question should assess the specific COs. Student must attempt any four questions which should be from the entire syllabus, each question shall have equal weightage of fifteen marks and total weightage of this section shall be 60 Marks.
4	There must be at least one question from the entire syllabus to assess the specific element of the higher level of learning (Thinking).
5	The question must we designed in such a way that it assesses the concerned COs in entirety. It means a question could have multiple parts depending upon the requirements of the Specific Course Outcome.

	IMPORTANT NOTES:								
1	The purpose of examination should be to assess the Course Learning Outcome that will ultimately lead to of attainment of Program Specific Outcome. A Question paper must assess the following aspects of learning: Remember, Understand, Apply, Analyze, Evaluate and Create (reference to Bloom's taxonomy)								
2	There shall be continuous evaluation of the student and there will be a provision of fortnight progress report								

Program Structure- M Sc Nursing

A. Introduction

National Health Policy(NHP) 2002 emphasizes the need to prepare nurses to function in superspeciality areas who are required in tertiary care institutions, entrusting some limited public health functions to nurses after providing adequate training, and increase the ratio of degree holding vis a vis diploma holding nurses.

It is observed that there is an acute shortage of nursing faculty in under graduate and post graduate nursing programme in India.

Indian Nursing Council believes that: Post Graduate programme is essential to prepare nurses to improve the quality of nursing education and practice in India. Post graduate programme in nursing builds upon and extends competence acquired at the graduate levels, emphasizes application of relevant theories into nursing practice, education, administration and development of research skills. The programme prepares nurses for leadership position in nursing and health fields who can function as nurse specialists, consultants, educators, administrators and researchers in a wide variety of professional settings in meeting the National priorities and the changing needs of the society. This programme provides the basis for the post Masteral programme in nursing. Further the programme encourages accountability and commitment to lifelong learning which fosters improvement of quality care.

	M Sc Nursing 2 Years CBCS Programme										
	Basic Structure: Distribution of Courses										
Sr. No.	Type of Course	Credit	Total Credit								
1	Core Courses (CC)	4 Course of Total 43 Credit in range of 8 to 13 Credit	43								
2	Discipline Specific Courses (DSC)	2 Course of Total 16 Credit each course of 8 credits	16								
3	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)	3 Course of Total 24 Credit in range of 4 to 23 Credit	24								
4	Research Project Report (RPR)	1 Courses of 7 Credits	7								
5	Value Added Course (VAC)	2 Courses of 0 credit hrs. (Total Credit Hrs. 2X0)	0								
	Total	Credits	90								

B. Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

Choice Based Credit System is a versatile and flexible option for each student to achieve his/her target number of credits as specified by the INC and adopted by our university.

The following is the course Module Designed for M. Sc Nursing Programme

Core Courses (CC): Core Courses of M. Sc Nursing Programme will provide the graduates able to Utilize/apply the concepts, theories and principles of nursing science and leadership qualities and function effectively as nurse educator and manager. Post graduates will Demonstrate the ability to plan and effect change in nursing practice and in the health care delivery system. Establish collaborative relationship with members of other disciplines. These courses offered in 1st and 2nd Year during the M. Sc Nursing Programme. There will be total 43 credits.

Discipline Specific Elective Courses: Discipline Specific Elective Courses includes five nursing specialty courses. Medical Surgical Nursing Course has seven sub-specialty subjects out of which students are expected to chose one sub specialty subject in second year M. Sc Nursing Programme. These courses will Demonstrate advance competence in practice of nursing in each specialty and also helps the student to Demonstrate interest in continued learning for personal and professional advancement. These courses offered in 1st and 2nd Year during the M. Sc Nursing Programme. There will be total 16 credits.

Value Added Course (VAC): Value Added Audit Course is a non-credit course which is basically meant to enhance general ability of students in areas like soft skills, quantitative aptitude and reasoning ability - required for the overall development of a student and at the same time crucial for industry/corporate demands and requirements. The student possessing these skills will definitely develop acumen to perform well during the recruitment process of any premier organization and will have the desired confidence to face the interview. Moreover, these skills are also essential in day-to-day life of the corporate world. The aim is nurture every student for making effective communication, developing to aptitude and a general reasoning ability for a better performance, as desired in corporate world. There shall be one course each in 1st year & 2nd years and will carry no credit, however, it will be compulsory for every student to pass these courses with minimum 45% marks to be eligible for the certificate. These marks will not be included in the calculation of CGPI. Students have to specifically be registered in the specific course of the respective years.

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC): These are designed to assist students in developing expertise and in depth skill enhancement Course in the field of respective nursing specialty/ sub-specialty courses and Nursing Education. It should aim at developing students' critical thinking and analysis skills, competence in psychomotor, communication, and time management skills, and to increase self-confidence in their ability to perform as nurses. Skill Enhancement Course to allow nursing students in all the areas of specialty health care setting which helps the hands-on skills experience that is not possible to teach in a classroom setting. Skill Enhancement Course of total 24 credits.

Research Project Report (**RPR**): In addition to learning Research theory there will be Mandatory Partial Fulfillment of Individual Research project. Make the students to demonstrate skill in conducting nursing research, interpreting and utilizing the findings from health related research which will provide hands on experience in contrast to theory in Health Care settings. It will be assesses internal and the credits earned will be included for the calculations of the CGPA.

C. Programme Specific Outcome.

The Learning and abilities or skills that a student would have developed by the end of two years M. Sc Nursing Programme.

PSO1:	Understanding the concepts, theories, and principles related to nursing sciences with appropriate application in the practice.
PSO2:	Demonstrating skills in nursing practice, education, administration and research at different levels of health care delivery system.
PSO3:	Analyzing the health needs and scope of development in providing comprehensive care in health sector.
PSO4:	Application of modern communication and educational technologies in nursing academics.
PSO5:	Creating leadership and management skills for working in collaborative teams in the provision of quality health care outcome.
PSO6:	Creating evidence based practice through research in nursing profession.
PSO7:	Applying advance obstetrics and gynecological Nursing Knowledge and Skills in independent midwifery practice.

- **D.** Pedagogy and Unique practice adopted. "Pedagogy is the method and practice of teaching, especially for teaching an academic subject or theoretical concept". In addition to conventional time-tested lecture method, the institute will emphasize on experiential learning:
- 1. Case Based Learning: Case based learning enhances student skills at delineating the critical decision dilemmas faced by organizations, helps in applying concepts, principles and analytical skills to solve the delineated problems and develops effective module for health problem solving. Case method of teaching is used as a critical learning tool for effective learning and we encourage it to the fullest. We make it compulsory to teach case study in every academic year in M. Sc Nursing program.
- 2. Role Play & Simulation: Role-play and simulation are forms of experiential learning. Learners take on different roles, assuming a profile of a character or personality, and interact and participate in diverse and complex learning settings. Role-play and simulation function as learning tools for teams and groups or individuals as they "play" online or face-to-face. They alter the power ratios in teaching and learning relationships between students and educators, as students learn through their explorations and the viewpoints of the character or personality they are articulating in the environment. This student-centered space can enable learner-oriented assessment, where the design of the task is created for

- active student learning. Therefore, role-play & simulation exercises such as prevention and promotion of disease, awareness and health teaching in community etc. are being promoted for the practical-based experiential learning of our students.
- 3. Video Based Learning (VBL) & Learning through Movies (LTM): These days technology has taken a front seat and classrooms are well equipped with equipment and gadgets. Video-based learning has become an indispensable part of learning. Similarly, students can learn various concepts through movies. In fact, many teachers give examples from movies during their discourses. Making students learn few important theoretical concepts through VBL & LTM is a good idea and method. The learning becomes really interesting and easy as videos add life to concepts and make the learning engaging and effective. Therefore, our institute is promoting VBL & LTM wherever possible.
- **4.** Laboratory Demonstration: Laboratory Demonstration is as essential to the learning process as classroom participation. The nursing student will be given an opportunity to apply classroom theory to as many patient situations and stimulate as possible to enhance their skills in nursing care.
- 5. Field Research Projects: The students, who take up experiential projects in Health care setting and other area, where senior experts with a stake in teaching guide them, drive the learning. All students are encouraged to do some research project in the field of nursing other their regular classes.
- 6. Industrial Visits: Industrial visit are essential to give students hand-on exposure and experience of how things and processes work in industries. Our institute organizes such visits to enhance students' exposure to practical learning and work out for a report of such a visit relating to their specific topic like, Multi Specialty Hospitals, Water Purification plant and Orphans etc.
- 7. Special Guest Lectures (SGL): Some topics/concepts need extra attention and efforts as they either may be high in difficulty level or requires experts from specific industry/domain to make things/concepts clear for a better understanding from the perspective of the course. We organize Specialty wise lectures, as part of lecture- series and invite prominent personalities from academia and industry from time to time to deliver their vital inputs and insights related to specific Specializations.
- 8. Special assistance programe: Special assistance programe for slow learners & fast learners write the note how would you identify slow learners, develop the mechanism to

- correcting knowledge gap. Terms of advance topics what learning challenging it will be provided to the fast learners.
- 9. Orientation program: Orientation Program is conducting for fresher students. Organizing 3 Days orientation with the purpose of Orienting with Nursing Programme, Developing Confidence, Understanding the Structure and Organization of University and the topics will be covered "Regarding orientation about Nursing courses and scope, Challenges in reading the Nursing courses and how to overcome it, English communication, Memorization, Remembering, Mnemonics, team building, IPR development in Nursing Courses".
- 10. MOOCS: Students may earn credits by passing MOOCS as decided by the college from time to time. Graduate level programs may award Honors degree provided students earn pre-requisite credits through MOOCs
- 11. Mentoring scheme: A mentoring relationship is a very personal one, which is often important to the mentee. As a mentor, get to know your student's academic, research, professional, and personal goals, so you can help them in a way that meets their personal best interest. It develops positive student teacher relationship, improve attendance of the students, To identify special abilities and nurture it for development. Mentor Mentee ratio will be 1:25
- 12. Career, personal counseling & Competitive exam preparation:- We provide a safe, confidential place for student to talk with Counseling Members about any concerns or personal problems that might interfere with your personal growth and academic achievement. Also we Counsel about Job opportunity and career Growth by our Placement Cell.
- 13. Extracurricular & Extramural Activities: Organizing participation in extracurricular activities will be mandatory to help students develop confidence & face audience with care.

M. SC NURSING CURRICULUM

YEAR -I

Sr.	Catagory	Course	Commo	P	erio	ds	Credit	Duration	Evalı	ation Sche	eme
No.	Category	Code	Course	L	T	P	Crean	of Exam	Internal	External	Total
1	CC-1	MSN101	Nursing Education	8	0	0	8	3	25	75	100
2	CC-2	MSN102	Advance Nursing Practice	8	0	10	13	3	25	75	100
3	CC-3	MSN103	Nursing Research and Statistics	8	0	4	10	3	25	75	100
4	DSC-1	MSN105	Obstetric and Gynecological Nursing-I	8	0	0	8	3	25	75	100
5	SEC-1	MSN152	Obstetric and Gynecological Nursing-I(P)	0	0	30	8	-	50	50	100
6	SEC-2	MSN156	Nursing Education (P)	0	0	8	4	1	50	50	100
	Total				0	52	51	•	200	400	600

YEAR -II

Sr.	Catagory	Course	Course	Pe	erio	ds	Credit	Duration	Evalı	ation Sch	eme
No.	Category	Code	Course	L	T	P	Credit	of Exam	Internal	External	Total
1	CC-4	MSN 201	Nursing Management	8	0	8	12	3	25	75	100
2	DSC-2	MSN210	Paediatric Nursing-II	8	0	0	8	3	25	75	100
3	SEC-3	MSN259	Paediatric Nursing-II (P)	0	0	46	12	-	50	50	100
4	RPR-1	MSN262	Dissertation	0	0	14	7	-	50	50	100
	Total				0	68	39		150	250	400

VALUE ADDED COURSE

Sr. No.	Code	Course	L	T	P	Credit	Duration of Exam	Internal	External	Total	
	Year-I										
1	TMUPS101	Managing Self	2	1	0	0	-	50	50	100	
	Year-II										
2	TMUPS201	Managing Work and Others	2	1	0	0	-	50	50	100	
Note	Value Added	l Course is an aud	dit co	ourse	; it is	compulso	ory to pass v	with 45% r	narks and is	s not	

considered for CPI.

Note:	C- Credits, $1C = 1$ Hour L or T, $1C = 2$ Hou	r P
	Core Course -1	L-8
Course Code:	M.Sc. Nursing	T-0
MSN101	I Year	P-0
	NURSING EDUCATION	C-8
Course Outcomes:	At the end of the course, the students will be: :	
	Understanding the concepts, principles, philosophies and trends in	
CO1.	nursing education.	
CO2.	Applying various instructional methods, media, tools and techniques	
	in teaching learning process.	
CO3.	Applying the principles and steps of guidance and counseling.	
CO4.	Analyzing the existing nursing educational programs, their	
	problems, issues and future trends and identifying research priorities	
	in nursing education	
CO5.	Evaluating the nursing curriculum design and management of	
	nursing educational institutions.	
CO6.		
CO0.	Designing a plan for improvement in instructional design, delivery	
	and assessment using modern methods and techniques.	
	Course Content:	
	Introduction:	
	Education: Definition, aims, concepts, philosophies & their	
	education implications, Impact of Social, economical, political &	
	technological changes on education: □	10
Unit-1:	Current trends and issues in education	10 Hours
	Educational reforms and National Educational policy, various	
	educational commissions-	
	reports Trends in development of Nursing education in India	
	Teaching – Learning Process	
	Concepts of teaching and learning: Definition, theories of	20
Unit-2:	teaching and learning, relationship between teaching and	20 Hours
	learning.	LIVUIS
	 Educational aims and Objectives; types, domains, levels, 	

	elements and writing of educational Objectives.	
	Competency based education (CBE) and outcome based	
	education (OBE) Instructional design: Planning and designing the lesson,	
	writing lesson plan: meaning, its need and importance,	
	formats.	
	• Instruction strategies – Lecture, discussion, demonstration, simulation, laboratory, seminar, panel, symposium, problem	
	solving, problem based learning (PBL), workshop, project,	
	role-play (Socio-drama), clinical teaching methods,	
	programmed instruction, self directed learning(SDL), micro	
	teaching, computer assisted instruction(CAI), computer assisted) learning (CAL)	
	Instructional media and methods	
	Key concepts in the selection and use of media in education	
	Developing learning resource material using different media	10
Unit-3:	Instructional aides – types, uses, selection, preparation, utilization.	Hours
	Teacher's role in procuring and managing instructional Aids -	
	Project and non-projected aids, multimedia, video-tele conferencing	
	etc.	
	Measurement and evaluation:	
	Concept and -nature of measurement and evaluation, meaning, process, purposes, problems in evaluation and measurement.	
		10
Unit-4:	Principles of assessment, formative and summative assessment- internal assessment external examination,	Hours
	advantages and disadvantages.	
	Criterion and norm referenced evaluation.	
	Standardized and non-standardized tests:	
	Meaning, characteristics, objectivity, validity, reliability, usability, norms, construction of tests- □	
	Essay, short answers questions and multiple choice questions.	
Unit-5:	Rating scales, checklist, OSCE/OSPE (Objective structured	12
	clinical/practical examination)	Hours
	Differential scales, and summated scales, Socio-metry, anecdotal	
	record, attitude scale, critical incident technique.	
	Question bank-preparation, validation, moderation by panel, utilization	
	Developing a system for maintaining confidentiality	

	Administration, Scoring and Reporting	
Unit-6:	 Administering a test; scoring, grading versus marks □ Objective tests, scoring essay test, methods of scoring, Item analysis. 	8 Hours
	Standardized Tools	
Unit :7	Tests of intelligence aptitude, interest, personality, achievement, socio-economic status scale, tests for special mental and physical abilities and disabilities.	12 Hours
	Nursing Educational programs	
Unit:8	 Perspectives of Nursing education: Global and national. Patterns of Nursing education and training programmes in India. Non-university and University programs: ANM, GNM, Basic B.Sc. Nursing, Post Certificate B.Sc. Nursing, M.Sc. programs, M. Phil. and Ph.D.) in Nursing, post basic diploma programs, Nurse practitioner programs. 	5 Hours
-	Continuing Education in Nursing	
Unit:9	 Concepts – Definition, importance, need scope, principles of adult learning, assessments of learning needs, priorities, resources. Program planning, implementation and evaluation of continuing education programs. Research in continuing education. Distance education in Nursing. 	12 Hours
	Curriculum Development	
	Definition, curriculum determinants, process and steps of curriculum development, Curriculum models, Types and framework.	
Unit:10	Formulation of philosophy, Objectives: selection and organization of learning experiences; master plan, course plan, unit plan.	10 Hours
	Evaluation strategies, process of curriculum change, role of students, faculty, administrators, statutory bodies and other stakeholders.	
	Equivalency of courses: Transcripts, credit system.	
Unit:11	Teacher preparation	8
Umt;11	Teacher – roles & responsibilities, functions, characteristics,	Hours

	competencies, qualities.	
	Preparation of professional teacher.	
	Organizing professional aspects of teacher preparation programs	
	Evaluation: self and peer.	
	Critical analysis of various programs of teacher education in India.	
	Guidance and counseling	
	Concept, principles, need, difference between guidance and counseling, trends and issues.	
	Guidance and counseling services: diagnostic and remedial.	10
Unit:12	Coordination and organization of services.	Hours
	Techniques of counseling: Interview, case work, characteristics of counselor, problems in counseling.	
	Professional preparation and training for counseling.	
	Administration of Nursing Curriculum	
	Role of curriculum coordinator – planning, implementation and evaluation.	
	Evaluation of educational programs in Nursing course and program.	15
Unit:13	Factors influencing faculty staff relationship and techniques of working together.	Hours
	Concept of faculty supervisor (dual) position.	
	Different models of collaboration between education and service.	
	Management of Nursing Educational Institutions	
Unit:14	Planning, organizing, staffing, budgeting, recruitment, discipline, public relation, performance appraisal, welfare services, library services, hostel.	10 Hours
Unit:15	Development and maintenance of standards and accreditation in Nursing education programs.	
	Role of Indian Nursing Council, State Registration Nursing Councils, Boards and University.	5 Hours
	Role of Professional associations and unions.	110018
	Methods of Teaching	

	Lecture cum discussion	
	Demonstration/Return demonstration	
	Seminar /Presentations	
	Project work	
	Field work	
	Field visits	
	Workshop	
	Methods of evaluation	
	Tests	
	Presentation	
	Project work	
	Written assignment	
Reference Books:	 Aggarwal J.C. Principles, Methods & Techniques of Teaching, Vikas Publishing House Basavanthappa B.T. Nursing Education, Jaypee Brothers, 2005, New Delhi. Bevis, Em Olivia, Curriculam Building in Nursing a Process, C.V Mosby Co, St. Louis. George Kurian Aleyamma, Principles of Curriculum Development and Evaluation, Vivekanandha Press, 2002. Bhatia B.D. Principles and Methods of Teaching Doabra House, New Delhi. Billing, Diane M & Halstead, Judith A, Teaching in Nursing: A Guide for Faculty, W.B. Saunders. Bloom, Benjamin S Ed, Taxonomy of Educational Objectives: cognitive Domain, David Mckay Co, Inc, 1956, New York. Fuszard, Barbara, Innovating Teaching Strategies in Nursing, Aspen Publishers Inc, 1989, Maryland. Gay L.R, Education and Measurement Competencies for Analysis and Application, Ion, Charles E. Merill Publishers Co., 1985, Columbus. Guilbert J J. Educational Handbook for Health Personnel, World Health Organization, 1982, Genva. Guinee. Kathleen k, Teaching and Learning in Nursing, Macmillan, 1987, New York. Joyce.B, Models of Teaching, Prentice Hall Inc, Englewood Cliffs, 1986, New Jersey Keay F.E, A History of Education in India and Pakistan, Oxford University Press, 1964, London. Modley Doris M, Advancing Nursing Education World Wide, Springer Publishing Co, 1995, New York. 	

14. Neeraja K.P, Text Book of Nursing Education, Jaypee Brothers, new Delhi.	
*Latest editions of all the suggested books are recommended.	

Practical Internal Evaluation Scheme (50 Marks)

Sr. No.	Content	Marks
1	Practice Teaching (Total 5 Practice Teachings)	15
2	Learning resource material	10
3	Academic Planning	10
4	Tool Preparation	5
5	Conduct Workshop	10

	Core Course -02	L-8
Course Code:	M.Sc. Nursing	T-0
MSN102	I Year	P-10
	ADVANCE NURSING PRACTICE	C-13
Course	The course is designed to develop an understanding of concepts and	
Description	constructs of theoretical basis of advance nursing practice and	
Description	critically analyze different theories of Nursing and other disciplines.	
Course Outcomes:	At the end of the course, the students will be: :	
CO1.	Understanding the health care delivery system and nursing as a profession.	
CO2.	Applying nursing theories, process and epidemiology in patient care.	
CO3.	Demonstrating skills of advance nursing practices in critical care unit.	
CO4.	Analyzing bio-psychosocial aspects of patients.	
CO5.	Evaluating holistic nursing care using Nursing process approach.	
CO6.	Evaluating holistic nursing care using Nursing process approach.	
	Course Content:	
	Introduction:	
Unit-1:	Nursing as a Profession History of development of Nursing profession, characteristics, criteria of the profession, perspective of Nursing professionnational, global Code of ethics (INC), code of professional conduct (INC), autonomy and accountability, assertiveness, visibility of Nurses, legal considerations, Role of regulatory bodies Professional organizations and unions-self defense, individual and collective bargaining. Educational preparations, continuing education, career opportunities, professional advancement & role and scope of Nursing Education. Role of research, leadership and management. Quality assurance in Nursing (INC). Futuristic Nursing.	10 Hours
Unit-2:	Health care delivery Health care environment, economics, constraints, planning process, policies, political process vis a Nursing profession. □ Health care delivery system- national, state, district and local level. Major stakeholders in the health care system-Government, nongovt., Industry and otherprofessionals. □	5 Hours

	Patterns of Nursing care delivery in India.	
	Health care delivery concerns, national health and family	
	welfare programs, inter-sectoral coordination, role of	
	nongovernmental agencies.	
	Information, education and communication (IEC). Tele-	
	medicine.	
	Genetics	
	Review of cellular division, mutation and law of inheritance,	
	human genome project, The	
	Genomic era.	
	Basic concepts of Genes, Chromosomes & DNA.	
Unit-3:	Approaches to common genetic disorders.	10
	Genetic testing – basis of genetic diagnosis, Pre symptomatic	Hours
	and predisposition testing,	
	Prenatal diagnosis & screening, Ethical, legal & psychosocial issues	
	in genetic testing.	
	Genetic counseling.	
	Practical application of genetics in Nursing.	
	Epidemiology	
	Scope, epidemiological approach and methods, Morbidity, of	10
Unit-4:	diseases and their screening, Application of epidemiology in	10 Hours
	health care delivery, Health surveillance and health informatics	
	Role of Nurse.	
	Bio-Psycho social pathology	
	Pathophysiology and Psychodynamics of disease causation.	
	Life processes, homeostatic mechanism, biological and psycho-social	
	dynamics in causation of disease, life style.	
	Common problems: Oxygen insufficiency, fluid and electrolyte	
	imbalance, nutritional problems, hemorrhage and shock, altered body	
	temperature, unconsciousness, sleep pattern and its disturbances,	- 0
Unit-5:	pain, sensory deprivation.	20
	Treatment aspects: pharmacological and pre- post operative care	Hours
	aspects,	
	Cardio pulmonary resuscitation. END of life Care	
	Infection prevention (including HIV) and standard safety measures,	
	bio-medical waste management	
	Role of Nurse- Evidence based Nursing practice; Best practices	
	Innovations in Nursing. Philosophy and Theories of Nursing	
Unit-6:	Philosophy and Theories of Nursing	20
	Values, Conceptual Models, Approaches.	20
	Nursing theories: Nightingale's, Hendersons's, Roger's Peplau's,	Hours
	Abdella's, Lewine's, Orem's, Johnson's, King's, Neuman's, Roy's,	

	Watson Parsce, etc andtheir applications.	
	Health belief models, communication and management, etc	
	Concept of Self health.	
	Evidence based practice model.	
	Nursing process approach	
	Health Assessment- illness status of patients/clients	
	(Individuals, family, community), Indentification of health	
	illness problems, health behaviors, signs and symptoms of	
Unit :7	clients.	10
	Methods of collection, analysis and utilization of data relevant	Hours
	to Nursing Process.	
	Formulation of nursing care plans, health goals,	
	implementation modification and evaluation of care.	
	Psychological aspects and Human relations	
	Human behavior, Life processes & growth and development,	
	personality development, defense mechanisms,	
	Communication, interpersonal relationships, individual and	
	group dynamics, and organizational behavior,	
	Basic human needs, Growth and development, (Conception	30
Unit:8	through preschool, School age through adolescence, Young &	Hours
	middle adult, and Older adult)	110015
	Sexuality and sexual health.	
	Stress and adaptation, crisis and its intervention, Coping with	
	loss, death and grieving, Principles and techniques of	
	Counseling.	
	Nursing practice	
	Framework, scope and trends.	
	Alternative modalities of care, alternative systems of health and	
	complimentary therapies.	
	Extended and expanded role of the Nurse, in promotive, preventive,	
	curative and restorative health care delivery system in community	
	and institutions.	
	Health promotion and primary health care.	
Unit:9	Independent practice issues: - Independent Nurse-midwifery	10
Cint.5	practitioner.	Hours
	Collaboration issues and models-within and outside Nursing.	
	Models of Prevention, Family Nursing, Home Nursing, Gender	
	sensitive issues and women empowerment.	
	Disaster Nursing.	
	Geriatric considerations in Nursing.	
	Evidence based Nursing practice- best practices.	
	Trans-cultural Nursing.	
	Trans Cultural Traising.	

	Computer applications for patient care delivery system and	
	Nursing Practice	
	□Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and Nursing	
	practice.	
	Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power Point, □ □ Internet,	
	literature search, Statistical packages,	
	Hospital management information system: software. □	
	Practical	
	Clinical posting in the following areas:	
	Specialty area – in – Patient unit- 2 weeks	
	Community health center/PHC- 2 weeks	
	Emergency/ICU - 2 weeks	
	Activities	
	Prepare Case studies with Nursing process approach and	
	theoretical basis Presentation of comparative picture of theories	
	Family case- work using model of prevention Annotated	
	bibliography Report of field visits (5)	
	Methods of Teaching	
	Lecture cum discussion	
Unit:10	Seminar	25
	Panel discussion □	Hours
	Debate	
	Case Presentations	
	Exposure to scientific conferences	
	Field visits	
	Methods of evaluation:	
	Tests □	
	Presentation \square	
	Seminar □	
	Written assignments	
	Advance Nursing Procedures	
	Definition, Indication and Nursing implications; CPR, TPN,	
	Hemodynamic monitoring,	
	Endotrcheal intubation, Tracheostoma, mechanical ventilation,	
	Pacemaker, Hemodialysis,	
	Peritonial dialysis, LP, BT Pleural and abdominal parecentasis, OT	
	techniques, Health	
	assessment, Triage, Pulse oxymetry.	
Reference	1. Potter A. P. & Perry A. G, Fundamental of Nursing, C. V.	
Books:	Mosby Co., 2005, St. Louis.	
	2. Kozier B. et al, Fundamentals of Nursing Concepts, Process	

and Practice, Pearson Education, Inc, 2004. 3. Brunner and Suddarth, Text Book of Medical Surgical Nursing, 2002. 4. Zwemer A, Professional Adjustments and Ethics for Nurse in *India*, BI publications, 1995, Bangalore. 5. Rosdhal, Fundamentals of Nursing, Lippincott Co., 2003. 6. Taylor Carol, et al, Fundamentals of Nursing, Lippincott Co., 2005. 7. Basavanthappa B. T, *Nursing Theories*, Jaypee Brothers, 2007, New Delhi. 8. Alligood M. R. & Tomey A. M, Nursing Theory Utilization and Application, Mosby, St. Louis. 9. Park J.E., Text Book of Preventive and Social Medicine, Bnarshidas Bhanot, Jabalpur. * Latest editions of all the suggested books are recommended. **Practical** Practical Clinical posting in the following areas: Specialty area- in-patient unit - 2 weeks • Community health center/PHC - 2 weeks • Emergency/ICU - 2 weeks Activities Prepare Case studies with nursing process approach and theoretical basis • Presentation of comparative picture of theories • Family case- work using model of prevention Annotated bibliography • Report of field visits M ethods of Teaching Lecture cum discussion Seminar Panel discussion Debate **Case Presentations** Exposure to scientific conferences Field visits Methods of evaluation **Tests** Presentation

SeminarWritten assignments	
Advance nursing Procedures	
Definition, Indication and nursing implications;	
CPR, TPN, Hemodynamic monitoring, Endotrcheal	
intubation, Tracheostoma, mechanical ventilation,	
Pacemaker, Hemodialysis, Peritonial dialysis, LP, BT Pleural	
and abdominal parecentasis OT techniques, Health	
assessment, Triage, Pulse oxymetry	

	Core Course -3	L-8
Course Code:	M.Sc. Nursing	T-0
MSN103	I Year	P-4
	NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	C-10
Course Description:	The course is designed to assist the students to acquire an understanding of the research methodology and statistical methods as a basis for identifying research problem, planning and implementing a research plan. It will further enable the students to evaluate research studies and utilize research findings to improve quality of Nursing practice, education and management.	
Course Outcomes:	At the end of the course, the students will be:	
CO1.	Understanding the concepts, terms, approaches, and methods of data collection in nursing research.	
CO2.	Apply appropriate design and sampling technique in nursing research.	
CO3.	Analyzing research data, interpreting and utilizing the findings from health related research.	
CO4.	Evaluating various methods of date collection and tools.	
CO5.	Prepare the research project.	
Course		
Content:	T. C. D. C.	
Unit-1:	 Introduction: Methods of acquiring knowledge – problem solving and scientific method. Research – Definition, characteristics, purposes, kinds of research Historical Evolution of research in Nursing Basic research terms Scope of Nursing research: areas, problems in Nursing, health and social research Concept of evidence based practice. Ethics in research. Overview of Research process 	10 Hours
Unit-2:	Review of Literature Importance, purposes, sources, criteria for selection of resources and steps in reviewing literature.	5 Hours
Unit-3:	Research Approaches and designs Type: Quantitative and Qualitative Historical, survey and experimental –Characteristics, types	12 Hours

advantages and disadvantagesQualitative: Phenomenology, grounded theory, ethnography	
Degearch puchlame	
 Research problem: Identification of research problem Formulation of problem statement and research Objectives: Definition of terms Assumptions and delimitations Identification of variables Hypothesis – definition, formulation and types. 	10 Hours
Developing theoretical/conceptual framework.	
 Theories: Nature, characteristics, Purpose and uses Using, testing and developing conceptual framework, models and theories. 	5 Hours
Sampling	
 Population and sample Factors influencing sampling Sampling techniques Sample size Probability and sampling error Problems of sampling 	6 Hours
Concepts of data collection	
 Data sources, methods/techniques quantitative and qualitative. Tools for data collection – types, characteristics and their development Validity and reliability of tools Procedure for data collection 	20 Hours
Implementing research plan	
Pilot Study, review research plan (design), planning for data collection, Administration of tool /interventions, collection of data	5 Hours
Analysis and interpretation of data	
 Plan for data analysis: quantitative and qualitative Preparing data for computer analysis and presentation. Statistical analysis Interpretation of data Conclusion and generalizations Summary and discussion 	10 Hours
	 Formulation of problem statement and research Objectives: Definition of terms Assumptions and delimitations Identification of variables Hypothesis – definition, formulation and types. Developing theoretical/conceptual framework. Theories: Nature, characteristics, Purpose and uses Using, testing and developing conceptual framework, models and theories. Sampling Population and sample Factors influencing sampling Sampling techniques Sample size Probability and sampling error Problems of sampling Concepts of data collection Data sources, methods/techniques quantitative and qualitative. Tools for data collection – types, characteristics and their development Validity and reliability of tools Procedure for data collection Implementing research plan Pilot Study, review research plan (design), planning for data collection, Administration of tool /interventions, collection of data Plan for data analysis: quantitative and qualitative Preparing data for computer analysis and presentation. Statistical analysis Interpretation of data Conclusion and generalizations

	Reporting and utilizing research findings:	
Unit:10	 Communication of research results; oral and written Writing research report purposes, methods and style Vancouver, American Psychological Association (APA), Campbell etc. Writing scientific articles for publication: purposes & style 	10 Hours
Unit:11	Critical analysis of research reports and articles	3 Hours
Unit:12	Developing and presenting a research proposal	4 Hours
	Activities:	
	 Annotated Bibliography of research reports and articles. Review of literature of selected topic and reporting Formulation of problem statement, objective and hypothesis Developing theoretical/conceptual framework. Preparation of a sample research tool Analysis and interpretation of given data Developing and presenting research proposal Journal club presentation Journal club presentation Critical evaluation of selected research studies Writing a scientific paper. 	
	Method of Teaching	
	 Lecture-cum-discussion Seminar/Presentations Project Class room exercises 	
	Methods of Evaluation	
	 Quiz, Tests (Term) Assignments/Term paper Presentations Project work Internal Assessment	
	Techniques Weightage (15marks)	
	Part –B: Statistics	l
Course Description:	At the end of the course, the students will be able to develop an understanding of the statistical methods and apply them in conducting research studies in Nursing.	

Course Outcomes:	At the end of the course, the students will be:	
CO1.	Explain the basic concepts related to statistics	
CO2.	Describe the scope of statistics in health and Nursing	
CO3.	Organize tabulate and present data meaningfully.	
CO4.	Use descriptive and inferential statistics to predict results.	
CO5.	Draw conclusions of the study and predict statistical significance of the results.	
CO6.	Describe vital health statistics and their use in health related research.	
CO7.	Use statistical packages for data analysis	
Unit I	 Introduction: Concepts, types, significance and scope of statistics, meaning of data, Sample, parameter Type and levels of data and their measurement Organization and presentation of data – Tabulation of data; Frequency distribution Graphical and tabular presentations. 	7 Hours
Unit II	Measures of central tendency: • Mean, Median, Mode	4 Hours
Unit III	 M easures of variability; Range, Percentiles, average deviation, quartile deviation, standard deviation 	4 Hours
Unit IV	Normal Distribution: • Probability, characteristics and application of normal probability curve; sampling error.	3 Hours
Unit V	Measures of relationship:	6 Hours

Unit VI	Designs and meaning:	5
	• Experimental designs	Hour
	 Comparison in pairs, randomized block design, Latin 	11041
	squares.	
	Significance of Statistic and Significance of difference between	8
		o Hour
TI24 X/TT	two Statistics (Testing hypothesis)	nour
Unit VII	• Non parametric test – Chi-square test, Sign, median test,	
	Mann Whitney test.	
	Parametric test – 't' test, ANOVA, MANOVA, ANCOVA	
	Use of statistical methods in psychology and education:	5
	 Scaling – Z score, Z Scaling 	Hour
Unit VIII	Standard Score and T Score	
	 Reliability of test Scores: test-retest method, parallel forms, 	
	split half method.	
	Application of statistics in health:	4
	 Ratios, Rates, Trends 	Hour
	 Vital health statistics – Birth and death rates. 	
Unit IX	 Measures related to fertility, morbidity and mortality 	
	Use of Computers for data analysis	4
Unit X	Use of statistical package.	Hour
	Activities	
	Exercises on organization and tabulation of data	
	Graphical and tabular presentation of data	
	Calculation of descriptive and inferential statistics (chi	
	square, t-test, correlation)	
	 Practice in using statistical package 	
	Computing vital health statistics	
	Made de effections	
	Methods of Teaching: • Lecture-cum-discussion	
	Demonstration – on data organization, tabulation, calculation of statistics, was of statistical realists. Classes are experience.	
	of statistics, use of statistical package, Classroom exercises,	
	organization and tabulation of data.	
	Computing Descriptive and inferential statistics; vital and	
	health statistics and use of computer for data entry and	
	analysis using statistical package.	
	Methods of Evaluation	
	 Test, Classroom statistical exercises. 	
	• Techniques Weightage (10marks)	
Dofomor- as	1 December D. T. Nunging December 1 Large Deathers 2002 Nov	" Dall:
Reference Books:	1. Basavanthappa, B.T, Nursing Research, Jaypee Brothers, 2003, New	v Delhi

- 3. Rose Hott & Budin. Notter's, *Essentials of Nursing Research*, spinger publisher, 1999, New York.
- 4. Patricial Nunhall. Nursing Research, James & Bar, 2001, Canada.
- 5. Caroly M.H, Research Methods for Clinical Therapists Applied Project Design and Analysis, 1999, Churchill Livingstone.
- 6. P.K. Indrani, T.K, Research Methods for Nurses. Jayppe brothers, 2005.
- 7. Clifford et al, *Getting Research into Practice*, Churchill Livingstone, 2004, New York.
- 8. Freshwater D. & Bishop V, *Nursing Research in Context*, Palgrave Macmillan, 2004, NewYork.
- 9. Macnee C. L, *Understanding Nursing Research: Reading & Using Research in Practice*, Lippincott Williams, Wilinks, 2004, London.
- 10. Polit, D.F. & Bleck C.T, *Nursing Research Principles & Methods*, LippincottWilliams Wilkins, 2004, New York.
- 11. Polit, Bleck & P. Hungler, Nursing Research Methods, Appraisal & Utilization, 2001, Lippincott.
- 12. Specials & Carpenter, *Qualitative Research in Nursing Advancing the Humanistic Imperative*, Lippincott Williams. 2007
- * Latest editions of all the suggested books are recommended

Journals:

- 1. Journal of nursing practice and research.
- 2. Indian journal of medical ethics

For this course the distribution of marks in question paper will be Nursing Research= 50 marks & Statistics =25

Course code MSN105	Discipline Specific Course-1 M.Sc. Nursing I Year	L-8 T-0 P-0
Course Outcome:	OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGICAL NURSING I At the end of the course, the students will be:	C-8
CO – 1:	Understanding concepts, theories and principles of	
	obstetric and gynecological nursing.	
CO – 2:	Applying the concepts, theories and principles in pertaining to pregnancy, child birth, lactation and its abnormalities	
CO – 3:	Demonstrating skills of family centered nursing	
	care and nursing process approach in obstetric	
	and gynecological nursing.	
CO – 4:	Analyzing the deviations from normal birth	
	process, complementary and alternative therapies	
	in obstetric and gynecological nursing.	
CO – 5:	Evaluating the maternal and child health problems, and promote family and child welfare	
CO – 6:	Creating modules for effective maternal care in	
	health care settings.	
Course Contents		Hours
Unit I	 Historical and contemporary perspectives Epidemiological aspects of maternal and child health Magnitude of maternal and child health problems Issues of maternal and child health: Age, Gender, Sexuality, psycho Socio cultural factors. Preventive obstetrics. National health and family welfare programmes related to maternal and child health: health care delivery system-National Rural health mission, Role of NGO's Theories, models and approaches applied to midwifery practice Role and scope of midwifery practice: Independent Nurse Midwifery practitioner Legal and Ethical issues: Code of ethics and standards of midwifery practice, standing orders Evidence based midwifery practice Research priorities in obstetric and gynecological Nursing 	10 Hours

Unit II	Human reproduction	15 Hours
	Review of Anatomy and Physiology of human	
	Reproductive System: male and female.	
	Hormonal cycles.	
	Embryology.	
	 Genetics, teratology and counseling. 	
	 Clinical implications. 	
I Init III		25 Hours
Unit III	 Maternal adaptation: Physiological, psychosocial ✓ Assessment – Maternal and foetal measures. Maternal measures: History taking, examination-General, physical and obstetrical measure, identification of high risk, ✓ Foetal measure- clinical parameters, biochemical-human estriol, Maternal Serum Alfa Feto Protein, Acetyl Choline esterase (AchE), Triple Test Aminocentesis, Cordocentesis, chorionic villus sampling (CVS)), ✓ Biophysical- (US IMAGING), Foetal movement count, Ultra Sonography, Cardiotocography, Cardiotomography, Non Stress Test(NST), Contraction stress test(CST), amnioscopy, foetoscopy, Radiological examination, Interpretation of diagnostic tests and Nursing implications Nursing management of the pregnant women, minor disorders of pregnancy and its management, preparation for child birth and parenthood, importance of institutional delivery, choice of birth setting, importance and 	25 Hours
	mobilizing of transportation, prenatal counseling, role of Nurse and crisis intervention, identification of high risk pregnancy and referral system.	
	 Alternative/complementary therapies 	
Unit IV	Normal Labour and Nursing management:	25 Hours
	 Essential factors of labour 	
	 Stages and onset 	
	First stage: Physiology of Normal Labour Use of	
	partograph: Principles, use and critical analysis, evidence	
	based studies.	
	 Analgesia and anaesthesia in labour 	
	Nursing management	
Unit V	Second stage:	20 Hours
	Physiology, intrapartum monitoring.	
	 Nursing management. 	
	 Resuscitation, immediate newborn care and initiate 	
	breast feeding (Guidelines of National neonatalogy forum of India)	

	Third stage:	
	Physiology and Nursing management	
	Fourth stage:	
	Observation, critical analysis and Nursing Management.	
	Various child birth practice: water birth, position change	
	etc	
	 Evidence based practice in relation to labour intervention 	
	• Role of Nurse Midwifery practitioner	
	Alternative/complementary therapies.	
Unit VI	Normal Puerperium and Nursing Management	20 Hours
	Physiology of puerperium	
	Physiology of lactation, lactation management, exclusive	
	breast feeding ,Baby friendly hospital initiative (BFHI)	
	• Assessment of postnatal women.	
	Minor discomforts and complications of puerperium.	
	Management of mothers during puerperium: Postnatal	
	exercises rooming in, bonding, warm chain.	
	Evidence based studies	
	Role of Nurse Midwifery practitioner	
	Alternative/complementary therapies	
Unit VII	Pharmaco Dynamics in Obstetrics	10 Hours
	Drugs used in pregnancy, labour, post partum and	10 110 615
	newborn	
	Calculation of drug dose and Administration	
	Effects of drugs used	
	 Anaesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics 	
	Roles and responsibilities of midwifery Nurse	
	practitioner	
	 Standing orders and protocols and use of selected life 	
	saving drugs and interventions of obstetric emergencies	
	approved by the MOHFW.	
Unit VIII	Family Welfare Services	10 Hours
	Population dynamics	
	Demography trends: vital statistics, calculation of	
	indicators especially maternal and neonatal mortality	
	rates and problems and other health problems.	
	Recent advancement in contraceptive technology	
	 Role of Nurses in family welfare programmes in all 	
	settings.	
	Role of independent Nurse Midwifery practitioner	
	Family life education.	
	Evidence based studies.	
	 Information, Education and Communication (IEC) 	
	 Management information and evaluation system (MIES) 	
	Teaching and supervision of health team members.	
Unit IX	Infertility	5 Hours

		1
	Primary and secondary causes	
	Diagnostic procedures	
	 Counseling: ethical and legal aspects of assisted 	
	reproductive technology(ART)	
	 Recent advancement in infertility management. 	
	 Adoption procedures: Role of Nurses in infertility 	
	management	
Unit X	Menopause	5 Hours
	 Physiological, psychological and social aspects 	
	Hormone Replacement Therapy	
	Surgical menopause	
	Counseling and guidance: Role of midwifery Nurse	
	practitioner	
Unit XI	Abortion	5 Hours
Cint Ai	• Types, causes	Jilouis
	V 1	
	Legislations, Clinical rights and professional	
	responsibility	
	Abortion procedures	
	Complications	
	Nursing management	
	Role of midwifery Nurse practitioner	
Reference	1.Buckley Kathleen and Kulb Nancy W, High Risk Maternity	
Books:	Nursing Manual, Williams & Wilkin, 1993, Philadelphia.	
	2. Bennet V Ruth & Brown K Linda, Myles Text Book for	
	Midwives, ELBS, Churchill Livingstone.	
	3. Calander, R & Miller A, Obstetrics Illustrated, Churchill &	
	Livingstone, 1993, New York.	
	4. Dawn C.S, Text Book of Obstetrics and Neonatology, Dawn	
	Books, Calcutta.	
	5. Dawn C.S, Text Book of Gynecology and Contraception,	
	Dawn Books, Calcutta.	
	6. Dutta D.C, Text Book of Obstetrics, New Central Agency	
	2001, Calcutta.	
	7. Dutta D.C, Text Book of Gynecology, New Central Agency,	
	2001, Calcutta.	
	8. Daftary Shrish, Holland and Brews Manual of Obstetrics, B	
	Churchill Livingstone, New Delhi.	
	9. Dickason Elizabeth jean et al, Maternal Infant Nursing Care,	
	Mosby, St.Louis.	
	10. GoodnerBrenda, Concepts of Obsterics Nursing, Skidmore,	
	Roth Publishing, INC, Texas.	
	11. Gorie Trula Myers et al, Foundations of Maternal Newborn	
	N ' WD C 1 C 1000 DI'I 111'	
	Nursing, WB Saunders, Co., 1998, Philadelphia.	
	Nursing, WB Saunders, Co., 1998, Philadelphia. 12. Ladewing Patricia Wieland et al, Essentials of Maternal	
	12. Ladewing Patricia Wieland et al, Essentials of Maternal	

	14. Philips Celeste R, Family Centered Maternity Newborn Care,	
	Mosby New year Book, 1996,	
List of	1.American Journal of Nursing	
Journals	2. Health and Population	
Recommended:	3. Indian Journal of Nursing and Midwifery	
	4. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology	
	5. Journal of Pardiatrics	
	6. Journal of Family Welfare	
	7. Nursing Journal of India	
	8. Nursing Times	
	9. Paediatrics Today	
	10. Paediatric Clinics of India	
	11. Obstetrics and Gynecology Today.	

Course code MSN152	Skill Enhancement Course -01 M.Sc. Nursing I Year OBSTETRIC AND GYNAECOLOGICAL NURSING I (P)	L-0 T-0 P-30 C-8
CO – 1:	Demonstrating skills of family centered nursing care	
	and nursing process approach in obstetric and	
	gynecological nursing.	
CO – 2:	Analyzing the deviations from normal birth process,	
	complementary and alternative therapies in obstetric	
	and gynecological nursing.	
CO – 3:	Evaluating the maternal and child health problems, and promote family and child welfare	
	 Diagnostic investigations: amniotcentecis, chordocentecis, chorsampling. Infertility management: artificial reproduction: artificial insemi invitro fertilization, and related procedures. Procedures assisted Medical termination of pregnancy, Procedures performed Antenatal assessment-20 Postnatal assessment-20 Assessment during labour: use of partograph - 20 Per vaginal examination-20 Conduct of normal delivery-20 Episiotomy and suturing-10 Setting up of delivery areas Insertion of intra uterine devices (copper T) 	
	 Others Identification of high risk women and referral □ Health educate women and their families Motivation of couples for Planned Parenthood Maintenance of for various activities 	

Course Code: TMUPS101	Value Added Course -1 M.Sc. Nursing I Year MANAGING SELF	L-2 T-1 P-0 C-0
Course Perspective	In this course, students will be taught to develop and become team player for creativity and innovation in organization they work. Students will be taught methods to develop cordial relation using "Johari Window", which will help them in managing change in their organizations. Since they would be entering in the world of work, Special emphasis is also given to manners, etiquettes, negotiation, stress and conflict management. Finally, students will be rigorously prepared facing various selection tools like – GD, PI and resume preparation.	
Course Outcomes	At the end of the semester, the learner will be able to:	
CO1.	Communicating effectively in a variety of public and interpersonal settings.	
CO2.	Applying concepts of change management for growth and development by understanding inertia of change and mastering the Laws of Change.	
CO3.	Analyzing scenarios, synthesizing alternatives and thinking critically to negotiate, resolve conflicts and develop cordial interpersonal relationships.	
CO4.	Functioning in a team and enabling other people to act while encouraging growth and creating mutual respect and trust.	
CO5.	Handling difficult situations with grace, style, and professionalism.	
	Course Contents:	
Unit – I	Personal Development Personal growth and improvement in personality Perception Positive attitude Values and Morals High self motivation and confidence Grooming	
Unit – II	Professional Development Goal setting and action planning Effective and assertive communication Decision making Time management Presentation Skills	

	Happiness, risk	taking	and facing unknow	/n		
	Career Development					
	Resume Building					
Unit – III	Occupational Research					
	Group discussion (GD) and Personal Interviews					
	Eva	aluatio	n Scheme:			
	Faculty led Continuo	us Eva	luation			
	Students will be ev	aluated	on the score of 100) in ever	v course	
			will follow continu	-	=	od.
	Details are as follows:					
	1) Total Marks fo	r each s	emester 100			
	,			-		
	·		s for Class Perform		•	•
	activities).	ks, eac	h students can parti	cipate iii	iliaxilliulli O	1 0
	,	40 1			1	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ss for External evalu GD and PIs).	uation at	the time of e	xternal
	Camis (Bas	cu on c	DD and I is).			
	c) Attendance	e: 10 m	arks for Attendance	e in the ti	raining session	ons
		S No	% Attendance <	Marks]	
		1.	30	0		
		2.	30-40	2		
		3.	40-50	4		
		4.	50-60	5		
		5.	60-70	6		
		6.	70-80	7		
		7.	80-90	8		
		8.	90-100	10		
	In a summary,		<u>l</u>	l	J	
	100 marks = 40(Class	perfo	rmance) + 50(Exte	rnal) + 1	10(Attendan	ce)
REFERENCE	Robbins, Stephen I	P., Judg	e, Timothy A., Vol	ra, Neha	arika, Organiz	zational

Behaviour (2018), 18th ed., Pearson Education

- Tracy, Brian, Time Management (2018), Manjul Publishing House
- Hill, Napolean, Think and grow rich (2014), Amazing Reads
- Scott, S.J., SMART goals made simple (2014), Createspace Independent Pub
- https://www.hloom.com/resumes/creative-templates/
- https://www.mbauniverse.com/group-discussion/topic.php
- Rathgeber, Holger, Kotter, John, Our Iceberg is melting (2017), Macmillan
- Burne, Eric, Games People Play (2010), Penguin UK

 $\frac{https://www.indeed.com/career-advice/interviewing/job-interview-tips-how-to-make-a-great-impression}{}\\$

	Core Course -4	L-8
Course Code:	M.Sc. Nursing	T-0
MSN201	II Year	P-8
	NURSING MANAGEMENT	C-12
	This course is designed to assist students to develop a broad	
	understanding of Principles, concepts, trends and issues related to	
Course	Nursing Management. Further, it would provide opportunity to	
Description:	students to understand, appreciate and acquire skills in planning,	
	supervision and management of nursing services at different levels	
	to provide quality Nursing services.	
Course Outcomes:	On completion of the course, the students will be:	
	Understanding the philosophy and objectives of the health care	
CO1.	institutions at various levels and principles of administration in	
	nursing.	
CO2.	Applying the public administration, health care administration vis a	
	vis nursing administration and organization of health and nursing	
	services at the various levels/institutions.	
CO3.	Demonstrating the leadership in nursing at various levels.	
CO4.	Analyzing and Identify the legal and ethical issues in nursing	
	administration and trends and issues in nursing.	
CO5.	Evaluate the planning, supervision and management of nursing	
	workforce for various health care settings and the process of quality	
	assurance in nursing services.	
CO6.	Create various collaborative models between nursing education and	
	nursing service to improve the quality of nursing care.	
	Course Content:	
	Introduction:	
Unit-1:	Philosophy, purpose, elements, principles and scope of Administration Indian Constitution, Indian Administrative system vis a vis health care delivery system: National, State and Local Organization and functions of Nursing services and education at National, State, District and institutions: Hospital and Community Planning process: Five year plans, Various Committee Reports on health, State and National Health policies, national population policy, national policy on AYUSH and plans.	10 Hours
Unit-2:	Management Functions of Administration Planning and control Co-ordination and delegation Decision making – decentralization basic goals of decentralization. Concept of management	10 Hours

	Nursing management:	
	Concept, types, principles and techniques	
	Vision and Mission Statements	
	Philosophy, aims and objective	
	Current trends and issues in Nursing Administration	
	Theories and models	
	Application to nursing service and education	
	Planning:	
	Planning process: Concept, Principles, Institutional policies	
	Mission, philosophy, Objectives:	
	Strategic planning	
	Operational plans	
	Management plans	4.5
Unit-3:	Programmeevaluation and review technique (PERT), Gantt chart,	15
	Management by Objectives :(MBO).	Hours
	Planning new venture	
	Planning for change	
	Innovations in Nursing	
	Application to Nursing service and education	
	Organization:	
	Concept, Principles, Objectives: Types and theories, Minimum	
	requirements for organisation, Developing an organizational	
	Structure, levels, organizational Effectiveness and organizational	
	Climate,	
TT *4 4	Organising Nursing services and patient care: Methods of patient	15
Unit-4:	assignment- Advantages and disadvantages, primary Nursing care,	Hours
	Planning and Organising: hospital, unit and ancillary services	
	(specifically central sterile supply department, laundry, kitchen,	
	laboratory services, emergency etc)	
	Disaster management: plan, resources, drill, etc Application to	
	Nursing service and Education	
	Human Resource for health:	
	Staffing	
	Philosophy	
	Norms: Staff inspection unit (SIU), Bajaj Committee, High power	
Unit-5:	committee, Teerthanker Mahaveer College of Nursing (TMCON)	15
	Estimation of Nursing staff requirement- activity analysis	Hours
	Various research studies	
	Recruitment: credentialing, selection, placement, promotion	
	Retention	
	Personnel policies	

	Termination	
	Staff development programme	
	Duties and responsibilities of various category of Nursing personnel	
	Applications to Nursing service and education	
	Directing:	
	Roles and functions	15
	Motivation: Intrinsic, extrinsic, Creating motivating climate,	Hours
	Motivational theories	Hours
	Communication: process, types, strategies, Interpersonal	
	communication, channels, barriers, problems, Confidentiality, Public relations	
Unit-6:		
	Delegation; common delegation errors	
	Managing conflict: process, management, negotiation, consensus	
	Collective bargaining: health care labour laws, unions, professional	
	associations, role of Nurse manager	
	Occupational health and safety	
	Application to Nursing service and education	
	Material management:	10
	Concepts, principles and procedures	Hours
	Planning and procurement procedures: Specifications ABC analysis,	
Unit-7:	VED (very important and essential daily use) analysis	
	Planning equipments and supplies for Nursing care: unit and	
	hospital Inventory control	
	Condemnation	
	Application to Nursing service and education	
	Controlling:	15
	Quality assurance – Continuous Quality Improvement	Hours
	• Standards	
	• Models	
	Nursing audit	
Unit-8:	Performance appraisal: Tools, confidential reports, formats,	
	Management, interviews	
	Supervision and management: concepts and principles	
	Discipline: service rules, self discipline, constructive versus	
	destructive discipline, problem employees, disciplinary proceeding	
	enquiry etc.	
	Self evaluation or peer evaluation, patient satisfaction, utilization	
	review	
	Application to Nursing service and education	
	Application to reasong service and education	<u> </u>

Unit-9:	Fiscal planning: • Steps • Plan and non-plan, zero budgeting, mid-term appraisal, capital and revenue • Budget estimate, revised estimate, performance budget Audit • Cost effectiveness • Cost accounting • Critical pathways • Health care reforms • Health economics • Health insurance • Budgeting for various units and levels. Application to Nursing service and education	15 Hours
Unit-10:	Nursing informatics Trends General purpose Use of computers in hospital and community Patient record system Nursing records and reports Management information and evaluation system (MIES) E- Nursing, Telemedicine, tele – Nursing Electronic medical records	10 Hours
Unit-11:	Leadership: Concepts, Types, Theories Manager behavior Leader behavior Effective leader: Characteristics, skills Group dynamics Power and politics Lobbying Critical thinking and decision making Stress management Applications to Nursing service and education	10 Hours

	Legal and ethical issues	10
	Laws and ethics	Hours
	Ethical committee	
	Code of ethics and professional conduct	
	Legal system: Types of law, tort law, and liabilities	
	Legal issues in Nursing: negligence, malpractice, invasion of privacy,	
	defamation of character	
Unit-12:	Patient care issues, management issues, employment issues	
C-111 121	Medico legal issues	
	Nursing regulatory mechanisms: licensure, renewal, accreditation	
	Patients rights, Consumer protection act (CPA)	
	Rights of special groups: children, women, HIV, handicap, ageing	
	Professional responsibility and accountability	
	Infection control	
	Standard safety measures	
	PRACTICALS	
	2 200 2 2 3 2 2 3	
1	Prepare prototype personal files for staff Nurses, faculty and	
1	cumulative records	
2	1.Preparation of budget estimate, revised estimate and performance	
2	budget	
3	Plan and conduct staff development program	
4	Preparation of Organization Chart	
5	Developing Nursing standards/protocols for various units	
6	Design a layout plan for specialty units /hospital, community and	
U	educational institutions.	
7	Preparation of job description of various categories of nursing	
7	personnel	
8	Prepare a list of equipments and supplies for specialty units.	
9	Assess and prepare staffing requirement for hospitals, community	
9	and educational institutions.	
10	Plan of action for recruitment process	
11	Prepare a vision and mission statement for hospital, community and	
11	educational institutions	
12	Prepare a plan of action for performance appraisal	
	3. Identify the problems of the speciality units and develop plan of	
13	action by using problem solving approach	
	Prepare: anecdotes, incident reports, day and night reports, handing	
14	and taking over reports, enquiry reports, Nurses notes, Official	
	letters, curriculum vitae, presentations etc.	

15	Prepare a plan for disaster management
16	Group work
17	Field appraisal report
	 Goel S.L., Health Care Administration, Seterling, New Delhi. Jean Barrett, Ward Management and Teaching, Himalayan Books, New Delhi.
Reference Books:	3. Goyal R.C., Hospital Personal Management, Prentice Hall India, New Delhi.
	4. Awasthi, Public Administration, Makeshwar, Pub. Laxmi Narayan Agarwal. 1987, Agra.
	* Latest editions of all the suggested books are recommended.

	Discipline Specific Course-2	L-8
Course Code:	M.Sc. Nursing	T-0
MSN209	II YEAR	P-0 C-8
	OBSTETRIC AND GYNAECOLOGICAL NURSING II	C-0
Course Description:	This course is designed to assist the student in developing expertise and in depth understanding in the field of Obstetric and gynecological Nursing .It will help the student to develop advanced Nursing skills for nursing interventions in various obstetrical and gynecological conditions. It will further enable the students to function as midwifery Nurse practitioner/ specialist, educator, manager and researcher in the field of obstetric and gynecological Nursing	
Course	At the end of the course the student will be able to:	
Outcomes:	At the end of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO-1	Understanding the concept of care of women with Obstetric conditions with antenatal, intranatal, post natal and various Gynecological conditions	
CO-2	Applying the concepts and skills in performing maternal physical, psycl cultural and spiritual assessments in the hospital and community.	hosocial,
CO-3	Demonstrating competencies and skills in assessing and caring women with obstetrical and gynecological conditions, in caring for high risk newborn and handling various equipments used for obstetrical, gynecological and neonatal care.	
CO-4	Analyzing the health needs and scope of development in p comprehensive maternal care, basic emergency obstetric and neonal family planning and other reproductive health services in health sector.	_
CO-5	Evaluating professional competency in providing advanced nursing s nursing interventions in various obstetrical and gynecological conditions	
CO-6	Creating leadership qualities, research in the field of Obstet Gynecological Nursing field, then illustrate the functions effecti Independent Midwifery Nurse Practitioner.	
	Course Content:	
Unit-1:	 Introduction Management of problems of women during pregnancy Risk approach of obstetrical Nursing care, concept &goals. □ Screening of high-risk pregnancy, newer modalities of diagnosis. Nursing Management of Pregnancies at risk-due to obstetrical complication Pernicious Vomiting. Bleeding in early pregnancy, abortion, ectopic pregnancy, and gestational trophoblostic diseases. Hemorrhage during late pregnancy, ante partum hemorrhage, Placenta praevia, abruption placenta. 	25 Hours

	 Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Heomolysis Elevated liver enzyme Low Platelet count (HELLP) Iso-immune diseases. Rh and ABO incompatibility Hematological problems in pregnancy. Hydramnios-oligohydramnios Prolonged pregnancy- post term, post maturity. Multiple pregnancies. Intra uterine infection & pain during pregnancy. Intra Uterine Growth Retardation (IUGR), Premature Rupture of Membrane (PROM), intra uterine death 	
Unit-2:	Pregnancies at risk-due to pre-existing health problems Metabolic conditions. Anemia and nutritional deficiencies Hepatitis Cardio-vascular disease. Thyroid diseases. Epilepsy. Essential hypertension Chronic renal failure. Tropical diseases. Psychiatric disorders Infections Toxoplasmosis Rubella Cytomegalo virus Herpes	15 Hours
	 (TORCH); Reproductive Tract Infection(RTI);STD; HIV/AIDS, Vaginal infections; Leprosy, Tuberculosis Other risk factors: Age- Adolescents, elderly; unwed mothers, sexual abuse, substance use Pregnancies complicating with tumors, uterine anomalies, prolapse, ovarian cyst. 	
Unit-3:	 Abnormal labour, pre-term labour & obstetrical emergencies Etiology, pathopyhsiology and Nursing management of Uncoordinated uterine actions, Atony of uterus, precipitate labour, prolonged labour. Abnormal lie, presentation, position compound presentation. Contracted pelvis-CPD; dystocia. Obstetrical emergencies Obstetrical shock, vasa praevia, inversion of uterus, amniotic fluid embolism, rupture 	15 Hours

		1
	uterus, presentation and prolapse cord.	
	Augmentation of labour. Medical and surgical induction.	
	• Version	
	Manual removal of placenta.	
	 Obstetrical operation: Forceps delivery, Ventouse, 	
	 Caesarian section, Destructive operations 	
	 Genital tract injuries-Third degree perineal tear, VVF, 	
	RVF	
	Complications of third stage of labour:	
	Post partum Hemorrhage.	
	Retained placenta.	
	Post partum complications	
	Nursing management of □	
	Puerperal infections, puerperal sepsis, urinary	
	complications, puerperal venous thrombosis and	
Unit-4:	pulmonary embolism	10
	 Sub involution of uterus, Breast conditions, 	Hours
	Thrombophlebitis	
	Psychological complications, post partum blues,	
	depression, psychosis	
	High Risk Newborn	
	Concept, goals, assessment, principles, Nursing management of	
	Pre-term, small for gestational age, post-mature infant,	
	and baby of diabetic and substance	
	• use mothers.	
	Respiratory conditions, Asphyxia neonatorum, neonatal	
	apnoea meconium spiration	
	syndrome, pneumo thorax, pneumo mediastinum	
	• Icterus neonatorum.	
	Birth injuries.	25
Unit-5:	Hypoxic ischaemic encephelopathy	Hours
	 Congenital anomalies. 	liours
	Neonatal seizures.	
	Neonatal hypocalcaemia, hypoglycemia, hypomagnasaemia	
	hypomagnesaemia.Neonatal heart diseases.	
	Neonatal hemolytic diseases	
	Neonatal infections, neonatal sepsis, opthalmia	
	neonatorum, cogenital syphilis, HIV/AIDS	
	 Advanced neonatal procedures. 	

		ı
	Calculation of fluid requirements.	
	Hematological conditions – erythroblastosis fetalis,	
	hemorrhagic disorder in the newborn	
	Organization of neonatal care, services (Levels),	
	transport, neonatal intensive care unit,	
	 organization and management of Nursing services in NICU 	
	HIV/AIDS	
	HIV positive mother and her baby	
	Epidemiology	
	Screening	
	Parent to child transmission (PTCT)	
T I. 4 C	Prophylaxis for mother and baby	15
Unit-6:	Standard safety measures	Hours
	Counseling	
	Breast feeding issues	
	National policies and guidelines	
	Issues: Legal,ethical, Psychosocial and rehabilitation	
	Role of Nurse	
	Gynecological problems and Nursing management	
	Gynecological assessment, Gynecological procedures, Etiology,	
	pathophysiology, diagnosis and Nursing management of	
	Menstrual irregularities	
	Diseases of genital tract	
	Genital tract infections	
	Uterine displacement	
Unit-7:	Genital prolapse	25
Omt-7.	Genital injuries	Hours
	Uterine malformation	
	Uterine fibroid, ovarian tumors, Breast carcinoma,	
	Pelvic inflammatory	
	 diseases, reproductive tract malignancies, hysterectomy – 	
	vaginal and abdominal.	
	 Sexual abuse, rape, trauma, assault 	
	Administration and management of obstetrical and	
	Gynaecological unit	_
Unit-8:		5 Hours
	• Design & layout	Hours
	Staffing,	

	Equipment, supplies,	
	Infection control; Standard safety measures	
	Quality Assurance:-Obstetric auditing –records /reports,	
	Norms, policies and protocols	
	 Practice standards for obstetrical and gynaecological unit 	
	Education and training in obstetrical and gynaecological care	
	• Staff orientation, training and development,	5
Unit-9:		Hours
	in service education program,	Hours
	Clinical teaching programs.	
	1. Buckley Kathleen and Kulb Nancy W, <i>High Risk Maternity</i>	
	Nursing Manual, Williams & Wilkin, 1993, Philadelphia.	
	2. Bennet V Ruth & Brown K Linda, Myles Text Book for	
	 <i>Midwives</i>, ELBS, Churchill Livingstone. 3. Calander, R & Miller A, <i>Obstetrics Illustrated</i>, 4th edition, 	
	Churchill & Livingstone, 1993, New York.	
	4. Dawn C.S, <i>Text Book of Obstetrics and Neonatology</i> , Dawn Books, Calcutta.	
	5. Dawn C.S, Text Book of Gynecology and Contraception,	
	Dawn Books, Calcutta.	
	6. Dutta D.C, <i>Text Book of Obstetrics</i> , 4 th edition, New Central	
	Agency (p), 2001, Calcutta.	
	7. Dutta D.C, <i>Text Book of Gynaecology</i> , 4 th edition, New	
	Central Agency (p), 2001, Calcutta.	
Reference Books:	8. Daftary Shrish, <i>Holland and Brews Manual of Obstetrics</i> , 16 th	
	edition, B Churchill Livingstone (P) Ltd, New Delhi.	
	9. Dickason Elizabeth jean et al, Maternal Infant Nursing Care,	
	2 nd edition, Mosby, 1998, St. Louis.	
	10. GoodnerBrenda, Concepts of Obsterics Nursing, 1st edition,	
	Skidmore, Roth Publishing, INC, 1994, Texas.	
	11. Gorie Trula Myers et al, Foundations of Maternal Newborn	
	Nursing, 2 nd edition, WB Saunders Co., 1998, Philadelphia.	
	12. Ladewing Patricia Wieland et al, Essentials of Maternal	
	Newborn Nursing, 2 nd edition, Addisol Wesley Nursing, 1990,	
	New York.	
	13. Rashmi Patil, Instruments, Operatuions, Drugs in Obstetrics	
	and Gynaecology, Vors Medical Publications, Mumbai.	
	14. Philips Celeste R, Family Centered Maternity Newborn	
	Care, 3 rd edition, Mosby New year Book, 1996, St Louis.	
LIST OF	1 American Jerman - CNJ	
JOURNALS	1. American Journal of Nursing	

RECOMMENNDED

- 2. Health and population
- 3. Indian Journal of Nursing and Midwifery
- 4. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology
- 5. Journal of Pardiatrics
- 6. Journal of Family Welfare
- 7. Nursing Journal of India
- 8. Nursing Times
- 9. Paediatrics today
- 10. Paediatric clinics of India
- 11. Obstetric and Gynecology Today.

Course Code:	Skill Enhancement Course -3 M.Sc. Nursing				
MSN258	II Year	T-0 P-46			
1,151,120	OBETETRIC AND GYNAECOLOGICAL NURSING (P)	C-12			
CO-1	Applying the concepts and skills in performing maternal physical, psychosocial, cultural and spiritual assessments in the hospital and community.				
CO-2	Demonstrating competencies and skills in assessing and caring women with obstetrical and gynecological conditions, in caring for high risk newborn and handling various equipments used for obstetrical, gynecological and neonatal care.				
CO-3	Analyzing the health needs and scope of development in providing comprehensive maternal care, basic emergency obstetric and neonatal care, family planning and other reproductive health services in health sector.				
	Guidelines: Essential Obstetrical and Gynecological Skills Procedure Observed				
	 Assisted Reproductive Technology procedures 				
	Ultra sonography				
	 Specific laboratory tests. 				
	Amniocentesis.				
	 Cervical & vaginal cytology. 				
	• Fetoscopy.				
	Hysteroscopy.				
	• MRI.				
	Surgical diathermy.				
	Cryosurgery.				
	Procedures Assisted				
	Operative delivery				
	 Abnormal deliveries-Forceps application, Ventouse, Breech 				
	 Exchange blood transfusion 				
	• Culdoscopy.				
	 Cystoscopy 				
	• Tuboscopy				
	• Laparoscopy.				
	Endometrial Biopsy				
	Tubal patent test				
	Chemotherapy				
	Radiation therapy				
	Medical Termination of Pregnancy.				

Dilatation and Curettage **Procedures Performed** History taking. Physical Examination-General Antenatal assessment. – 20 Pelvic examination Assessment of risk status. Assessment of Intra uterine foetal well-being.kick chart and foetal movement chart, Doppler assessment, Non Stress Test, Contraction stress test (Oxytocin challenge test) Universal precautions- Disposal of biomedical waste. Per Vaginal examination and interpretation (early pregnancy, labour, post partum). Utilization of Partograph Medical & Surgical induction (Artificial rupture of membranes). Vacuum extraction Conduct of delivery. • Prescription and Administration of fluids and electrolytes through intravenous route. Application of outlet forceps, delivery of breach – Burns Marshall, Loveset manoeuvere Repair of tears and Episiotomy suturing. Vacuum extraction controlled cord traction, Manual removal of placenta, placental examination, Manual vacuum aspiration Postnatal assessment.- 20 Management of breast engorgement Thrombophlebitis (white leg) Postnatal counseling. Reposition of inversion of uterus. Laboratory tests: Blood- Hb, Sugar, Urine-albumin, sugar Breast care, breast exam, and drainage breast abscess. Postnatal exercise. Assessment –New born assessment; physical and neurological, Apgar score, high-risk newborn, Monitoring

neonates; Clinically and With monitors, Capillary refill

time,

- Assessment of jaundice, danger signs
- Anthropometric measurement
- Neonatal resuscitation
- Gastric Lavage
- Care of newborn in multi channel monitor and ventilator.
- Care of newborn in radiant warmer and incubator.
- Kangaroo mother care.
- Assisting mother with exclusive Breast-feeding
- Feeding technique: Katori, spoon, naso/orogastric, Total Parenteral nutrition
- Assessement, calculation and Administration of fluids and medications:
 - Oral
 - I.D.
 - I.M.
 - I.V.- Securing IV line, infusion pump
- Administration of drug per rectum
- Capillary blood sample collection.
- Oxygen therapy.
- Phototherapy.
- Chest physiotherapy.
- Counseling Parental, bereavment, family planning, infertility etc
- Setting of operation theatre.
- Trolley and table set up for Obstetrical & gynaecoligical operations.
- Pap smear.
- Vaginal smear.
- Insertion of pessaries,
- Insertion of IUD and removal.
- Teaching skills
- Communication skills
- Prepare referral slips
- Pre transport stabilization
- Networking with other stake holders
- Maintenance of log book for various activities

	Research Project Report -01	L-0		
Course Code:	M.Sc. Nursing	T-0		
MSN262	II Year	P-14		
	DISSERTATION	C-4		
CO-1	Understanding research process and its organization.			
CO-2	Conduct Nursing research Project as used within the Health care setting			
CO-3	Critical evaluate the use of Project conducted.			
S. No	Activities	Scheduled Time		
1.	Submission of the research proposal	End of 9th month of I Year		
2.	Submission of dissertation Final	End of 9th month of II Year		
	Note: - Administrative approval and ethical clearance should	be obtained		
Guidelines:	 Note: - Administrative approval and ethical clearance should be obtained During the clinical training a student is supposed to conduct a research study on the basis of area of specialization and nursing management based on his/her interest. Project work would be under the supervision of Main guide and a coguide appointed by the Principal College of Nursing. There should be a research committee in each college comprising of minimum 5 members chaired by the Principal, College of Nursing. Before the submission of project the student will be require to make a presentation before the research committee through power point presentation. The research project work should cover the following area.			
	Maintenance of log book for various activities			

DISSERTATION INTERNAL EVALUATION SCHEME

Sl. No.	Criteria	Max. Marks 50			
	Dissertation Work Evaluation Criteria (25)				
1	Problem identified:	1.5			
2	Review of literature:	1.5			
3	Methodology:	2.5			
4	Analysis and interpretation of data:	3.5			
5	Summary and discussion:	1.5			
6	Abstract, References and Appendices	1			
7	Style of Writing Research Report	1			
8	Problem statement presentation	1.5			
9	Synopsis/Research proposal presentation	3.5			
10	Narrative Review presentation.	1.5			
11	Research tool presentation	2.5			
12	Pilot study presentation	1			
13	Analysis of data presentation	2.5			
	Dissertation Viva Voce - Evaluation Co	riteria (25)			
1	Presentation of study	10			
2	Ability to defend study	5			
3	Ability to Critique Study	5			
4	Knowledge on Research Methodology	5			
	Total	50			

	Value Added Course -2	L-2			
Course Code:	M.Sc. Nursing II Year				
TMUPS201					
	MANAGING SELF				
Course Perspective	In this course, students will be taught to develop and become team player for creativity and innovation in organization they work. Students will be taught methods to develop cordial relation using "Johari Window", which will help them in managing change in their organizations. Since they would be entering in the world of work, Special emphasis is also given to manners, etiquettes, negotiation, stress and conflict management. Finally, students will be rigorously prepared facing various selection tools like – GD, PI and resume preparation.				
Course Outcomes	At the end of the semester, the learner will be able to:				
CO1.	Communicating effectively in a variety of public and interpersonal settings.				
CO2.	Applying concepts of change management for growth and development by understanding inertia of change and mastering the Laws of Change.				
CO3.	Analyzing scenarios, synthesizing alternatives and thinking critically to negotiate, resolve conflicts and develop cordial interpersonal relationships.				
CO4.	Functioning in a team and enabling other people to act while encouraging growth and creating mutual respect and trust.				
CO5.	Handling difficult situations with grace, style, and professionalism.				
	Course Contents:				
Unit – I	Intrapersonal Skills	(8			
	Creativity and Innovation	hours)			
	Understanding self and others (Johari window)				
	Stress Management Managing Change for competitive success.				
	Managing Change for competitive successHandling feedback and criticism				
Unit – II	Interpersonal Skills	(12			
	Conflict management	`			
	Development of cordial interpersonal relations at all levels	hours)			
	Negotiation				
	Importance of working in teams in modern organisations				
	Manners, etiquette and net etiquette	(4.0			
Unit – III	Interview Techniques	(10			
	Job Seeking • Group discussion (GD)	hours)			
	Personal Interview				
	- 1 CISCHAI IIICI VIC VI				

Evaluation	Faculty led Continu	ious Ev	aluation			
Scheme						
References	 Evaluation of method. Details are as follow Total Marks Internal: activity vin maxim External external exter	soft skins sign of skins sign of skins sign of	ed on the score of 1 ill will follow constant will follow constant will follow constant will be seen activities. The second of t	ontinuou ormance udents ca aluation ols). dance in Marks 0 2 4 5 6 7 8 10 + 50(I ohra, Ne Pearson I nguin UI luence pe rg is mel 13), Lulu emplates ssion/top	(Every class an participate at the time of the training + harika, Education & eople (2004), ting (2017),com	